

GreenPlan-IT: Supporting RAA in the Bay Area

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San Francisco Estuary Institute

Integrating Reasonable Assurance Analysis and Stormwater/Green Infrastructure Plans

Water Board, Room 1 (2nd floor) September 23, 9am – 4 pm



GreenPlan-IT Funding and Team

Prop 84 State Board Funding

San Francisco Estuary Partnership (SFEP)

- ☐ Jennifer Krebs
- ☐ Josh Bradt

Watearth

- ☐ Jennifer Walker

City Partners

- ☐ San Mateo
- ☐ San Jose



San Francisco Estuary Institute (SFEI)

- ☐ Jing Wu
- ☐ Pete Kauhanen
- ☐ Jen Hunt
- ☐ Lester McKee
- ☐ Dave Senn
- ☐ Tony Hale

Technical advisors

- ☐ Matt Fabry
- ☐ Jill Bicknell
- ☐ Peter Schultze-Allen
- ☐ Dino Marshalonis
- ☐ Keith Lichten

GreenPlan-IT Answers Key Questions

- ☐ Where could green infrastructure be used to reduce flows and pollutant loads?
- ☐ What are the most cost-effective locations?
- ☐ What flow and load reductions could we expect to see over decades as green infrastructure is implemented?



So why choose GreenPlan-IT?

- ❑ GreenPlan-IT is **flexible in three key ways:**

- ✓ It comes packaged with regional Bay Area base layers
- ✓ The tool is modular
- ✓ It is spatially flexible

- ❑ GreenPlan-IT is rigorous but can and will evolve

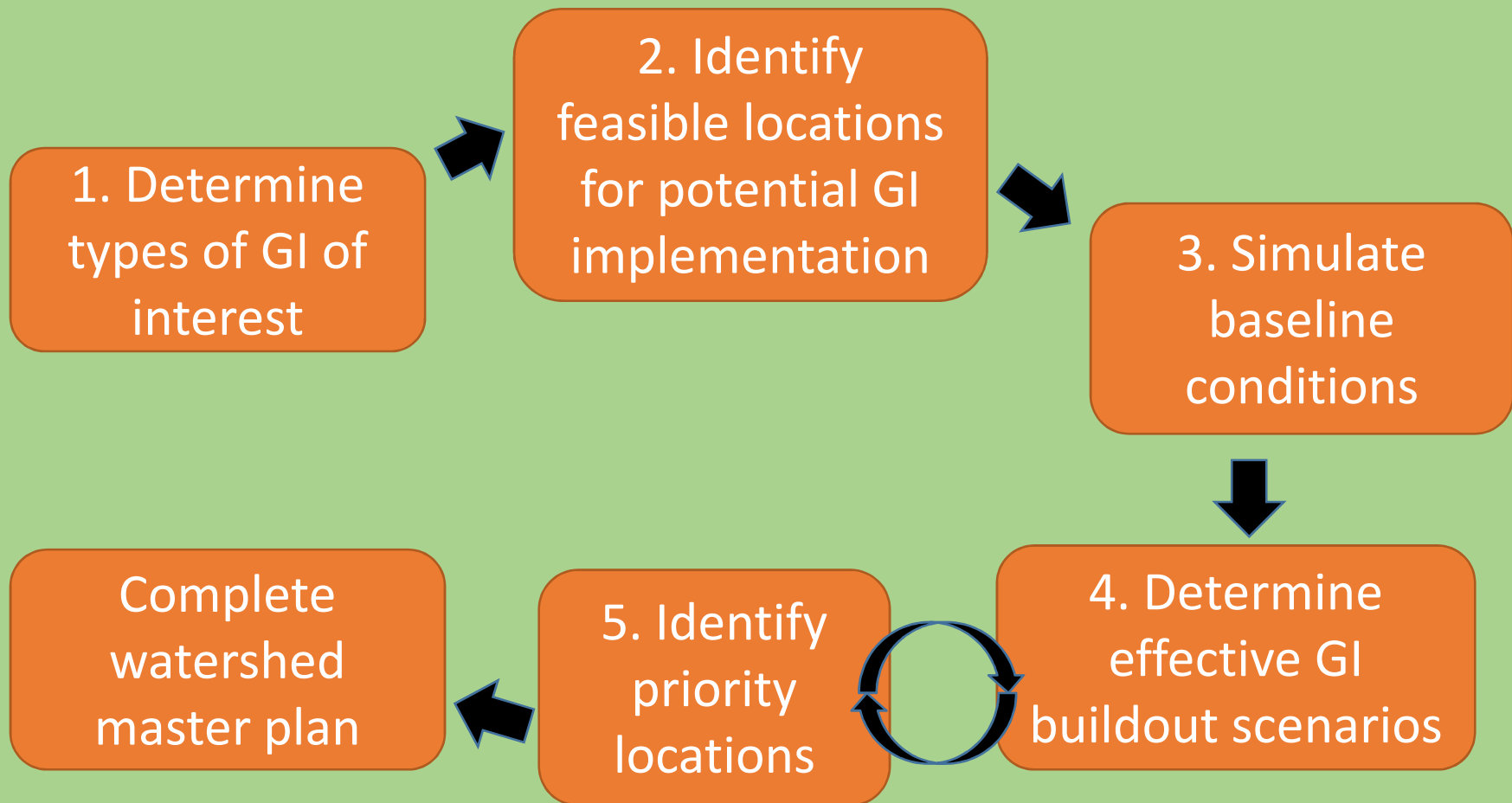
- ✓ Science advisors
- ✓ Decades of combined experience

- ❑ **GreenPlan-IT is free for download and use.**

- ✓ Consultants and line staff can deploy the tool on their own (without SFEI!)

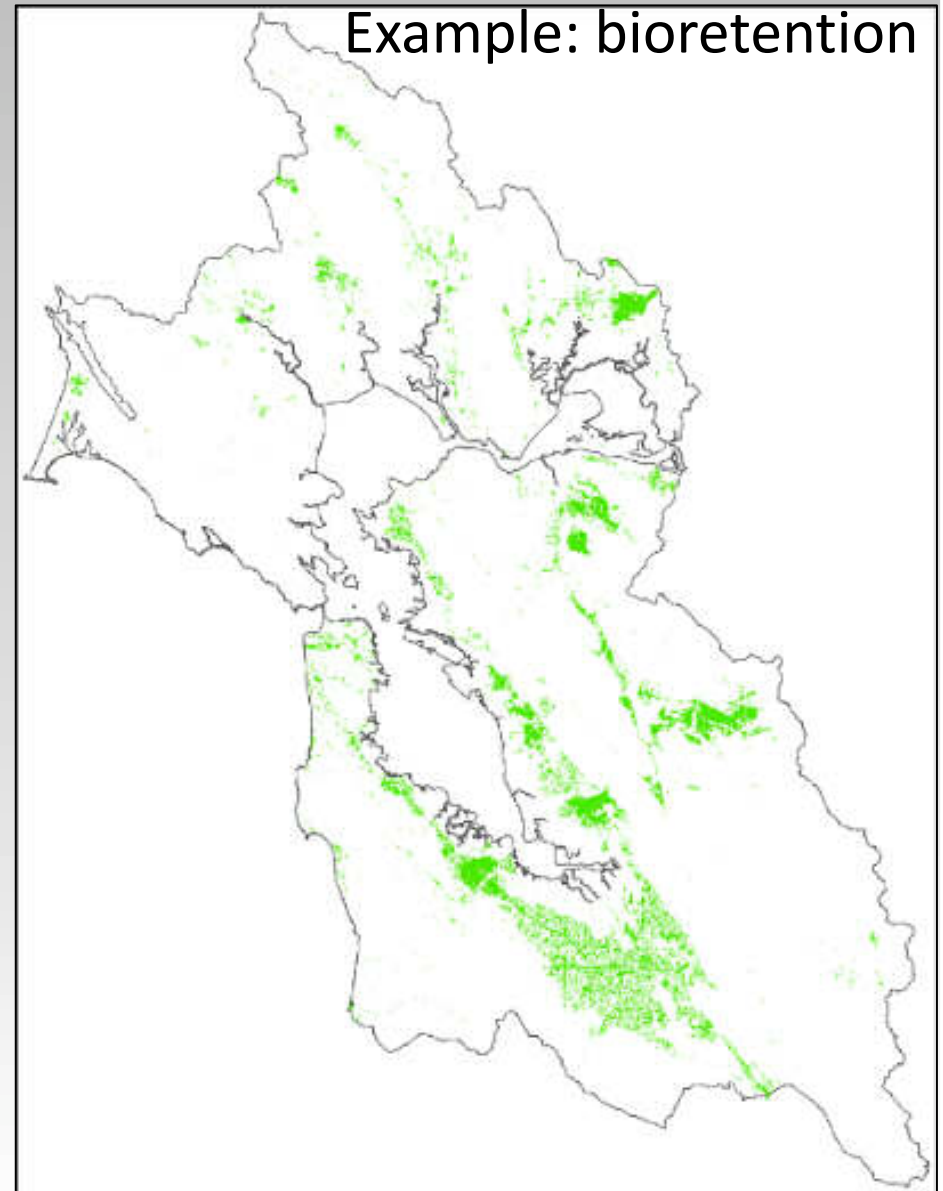


Five Easy Steps!

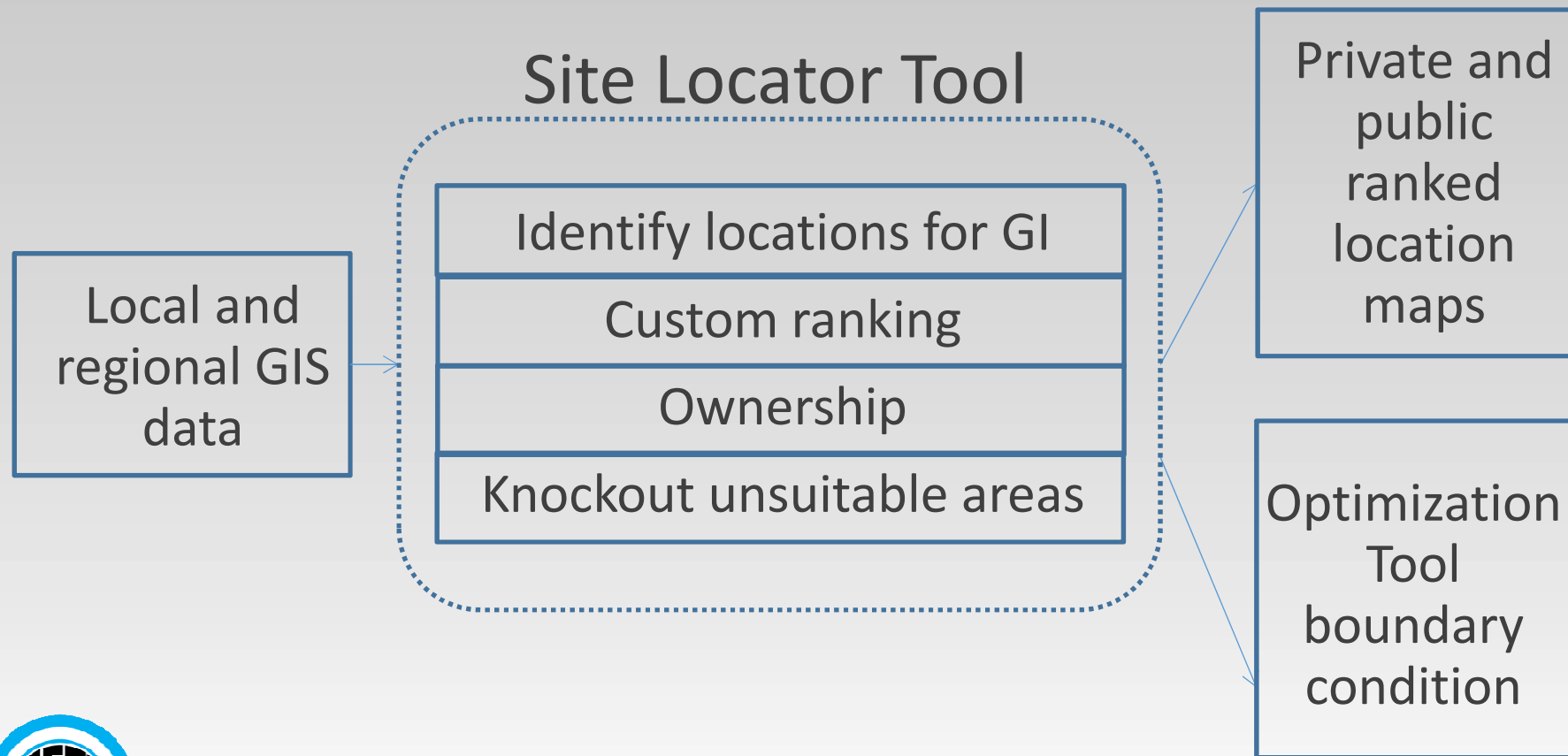


Step 1: Determine types of Green Infrastructure of Interest

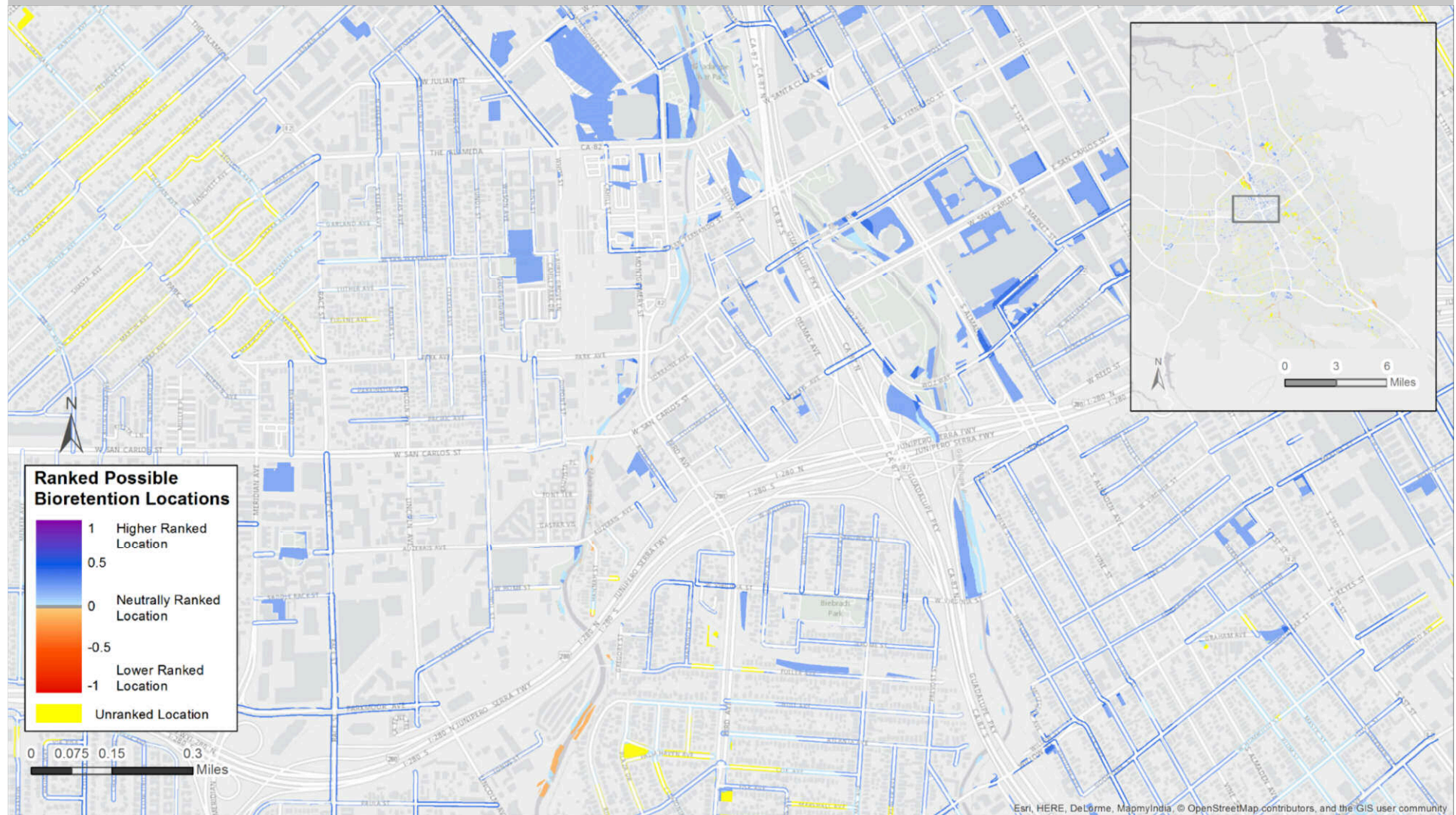
- Infiltration Trench
- Bioretention
- Permeable Pavement
- Vegetated Swale
- Storm Water Wetland
- Wet Pond



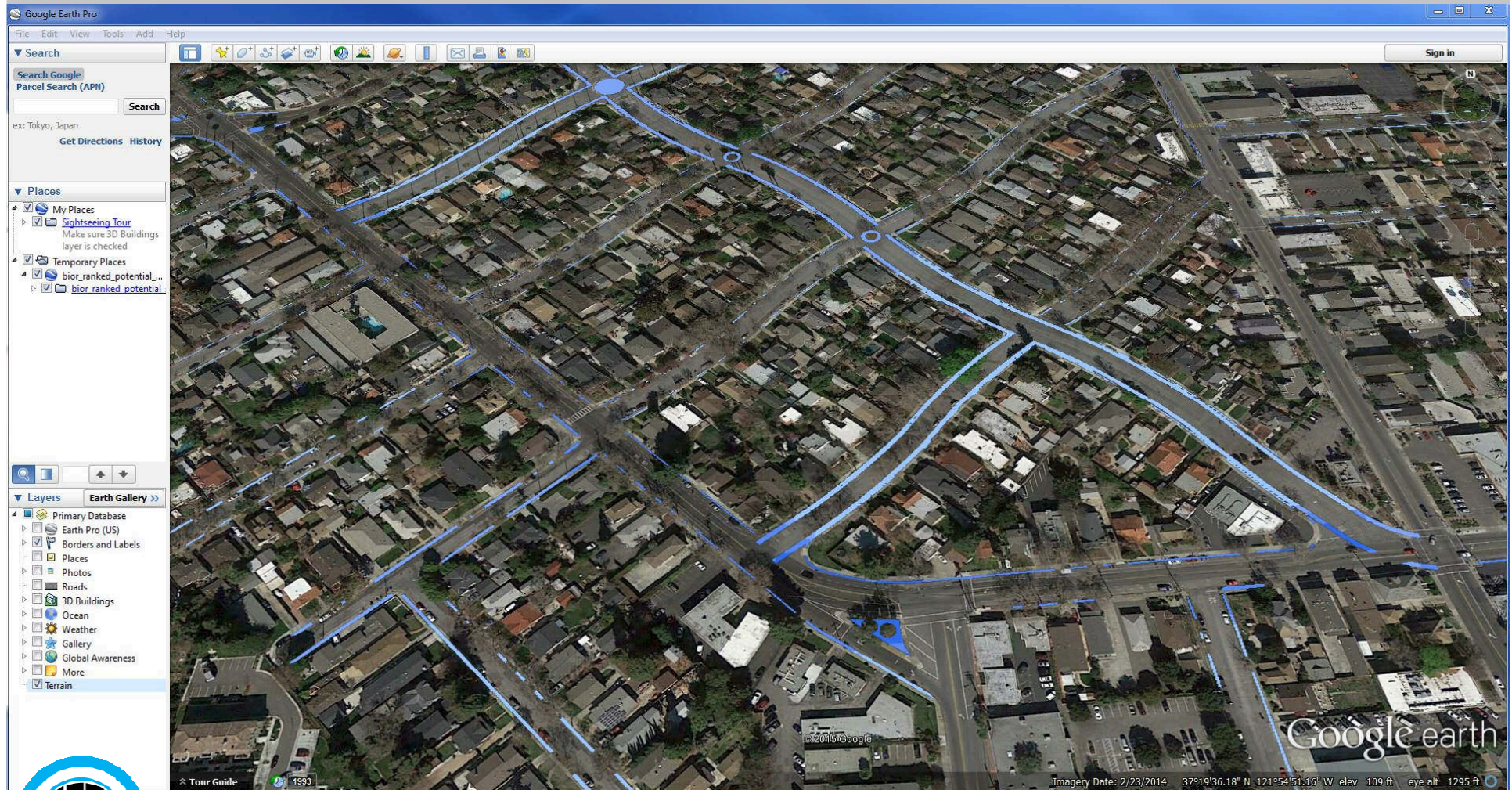
Step 2: Identify feasible locations for potential GI implementation



Outputs = Maps and Tables

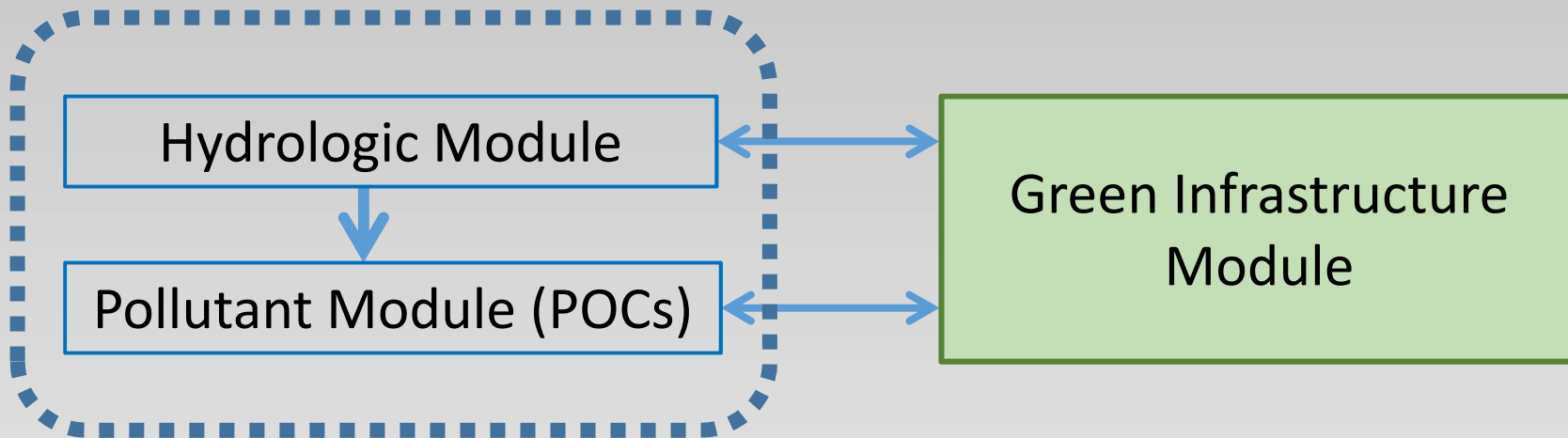


Viewable in Google Earth



Step 3: Model Current Condition

❑ EPA's SWMM model

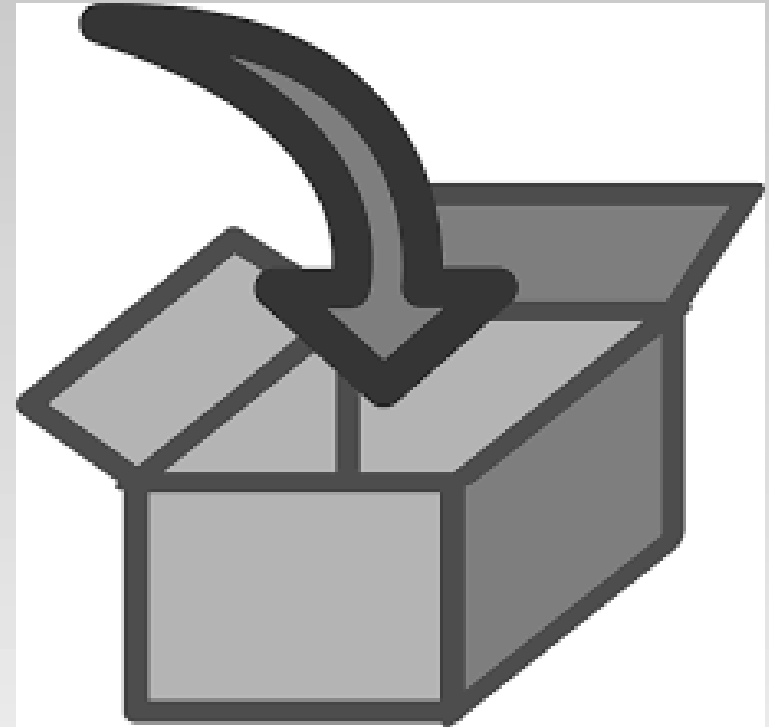


- Establish baseline condition
- Identify critical pollutant source areas
- Quantify flow reduction from various GI scenarios



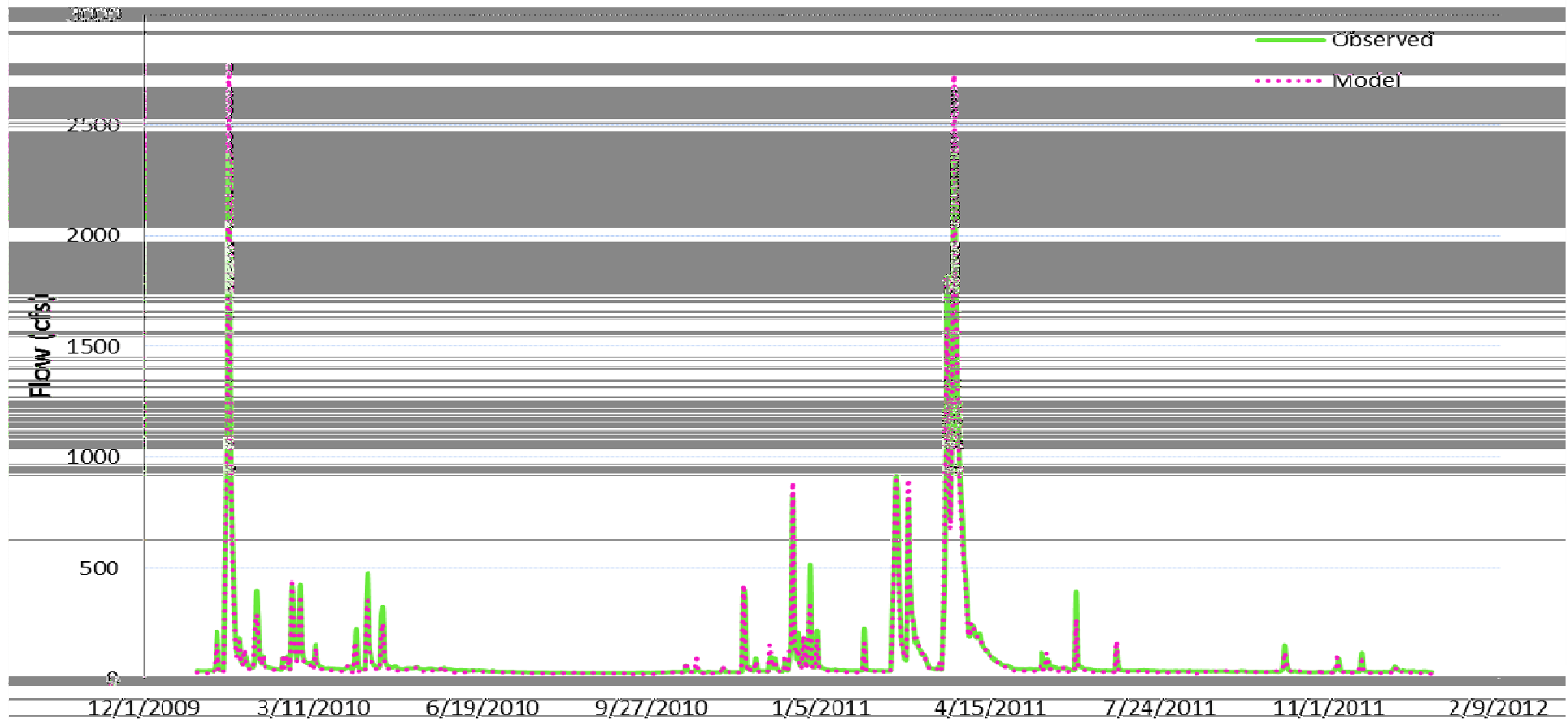
What goes into the Model?

- ☐ Watershed characteristics
- ☐ Meteorological data
- ☐ Boundary condition
- ☐ Calibration Data



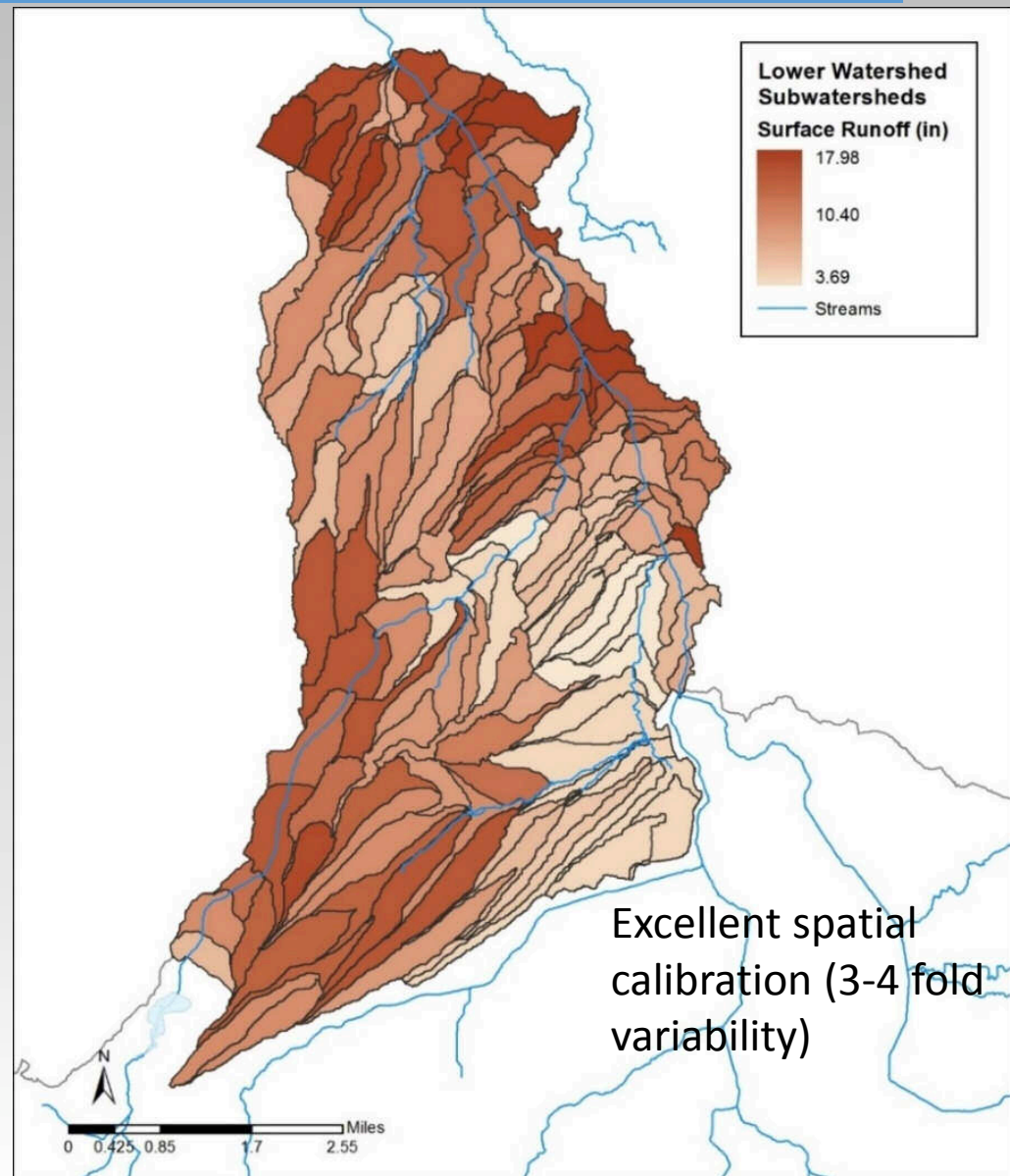
Model Calibration for Guadalupe River at Hwy 101 in San Jose

- Excellent calibration for both flow timing and magnitude



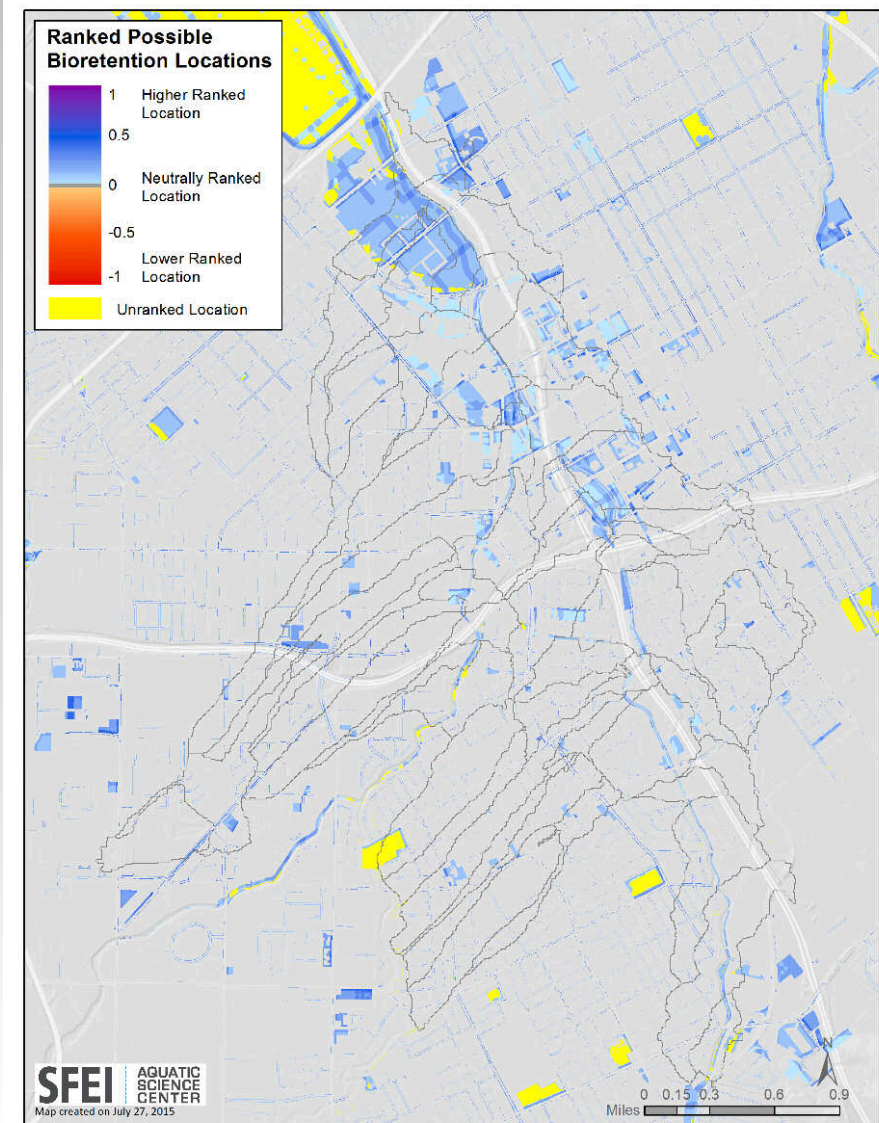
What comes out of the model?

- ID critical runoff & pollutant source areas
- Set stage for Green Infrastructure cost-performance optimization
- Ready for Reasonable Assurance Analysis



Step 4: Determine optimal Green Infrastructure Solutions

- Thousands of Possible Sites....
- But what are the most cost-effective Green Infrastructure combinations?
- ...and at what price?



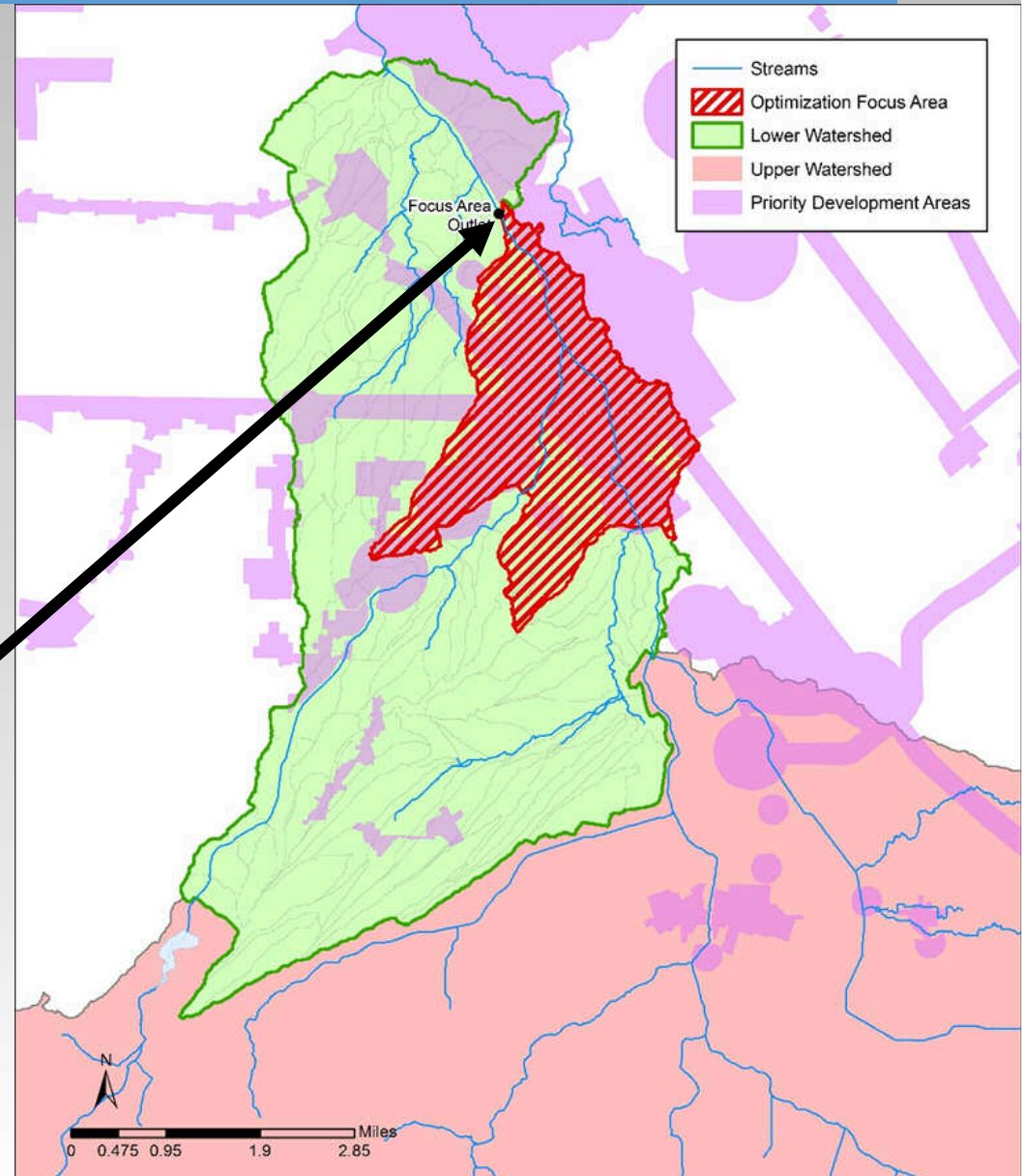
Optimization Focus Area

❑ Management target

- ❑ Total runoff volume
- pollutant load

❑ Assessment point

- ❑ Outlet of focus area



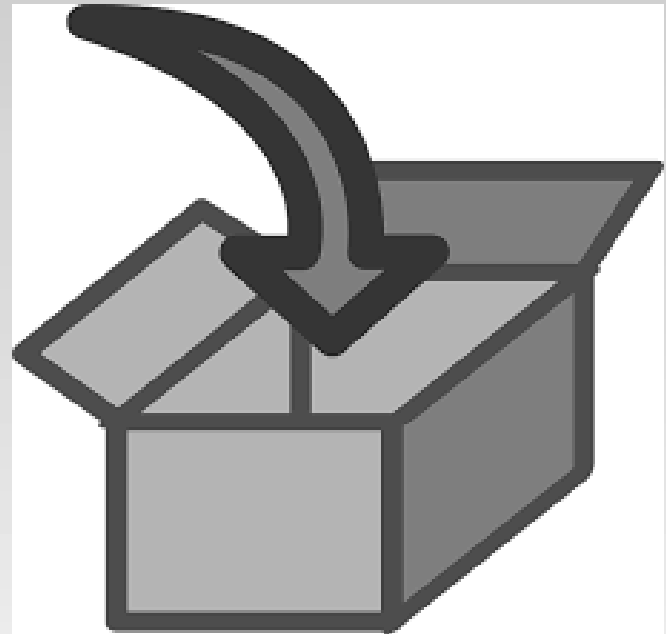
What goes into the Optimization Tool?

- ✓ Green Infrastructure Attributes

- ☐ Green Infrastructure area
- ☐ Soil porosity
- ☐ Water filtration rate etc.

- ✓ Green Infrastructure Costs

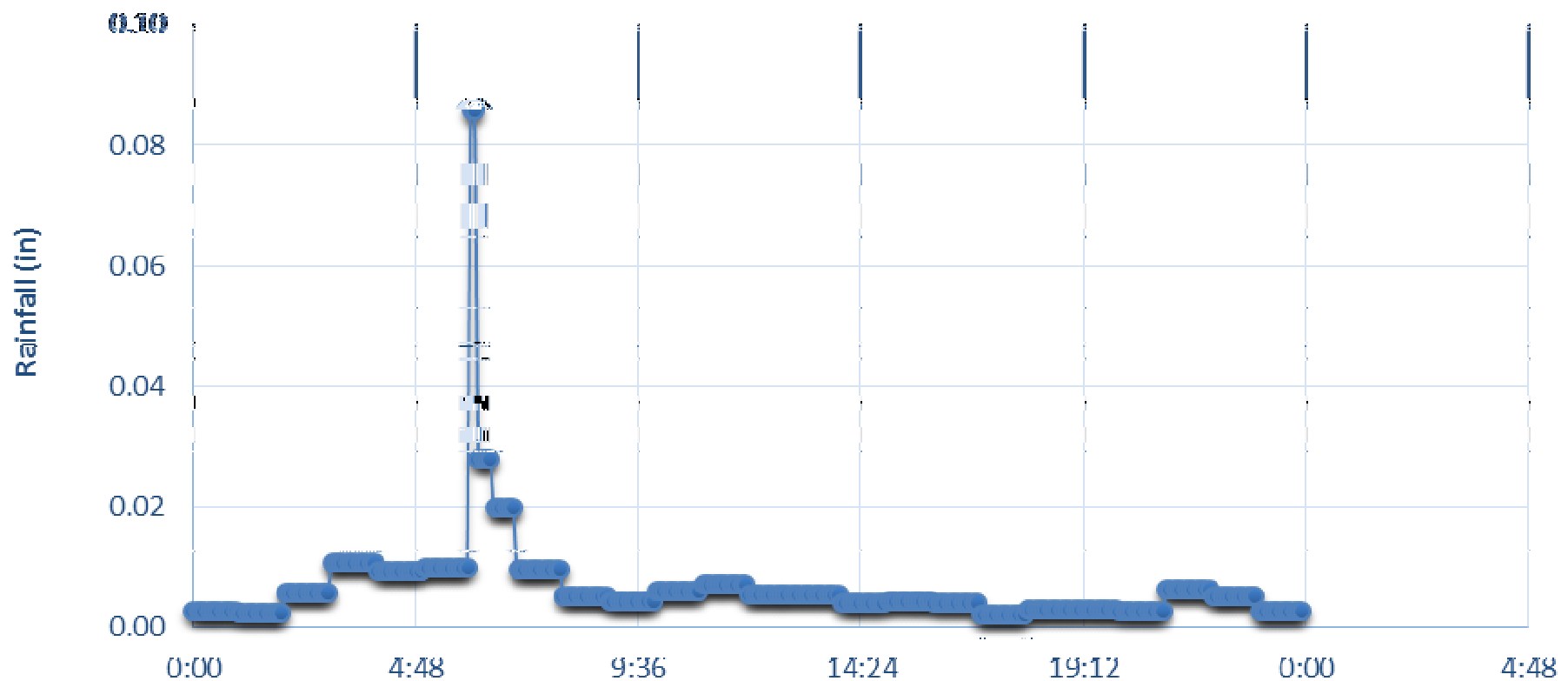
- ☐ Design
- ☐ Construction
- ☐ Operation & Maintenance



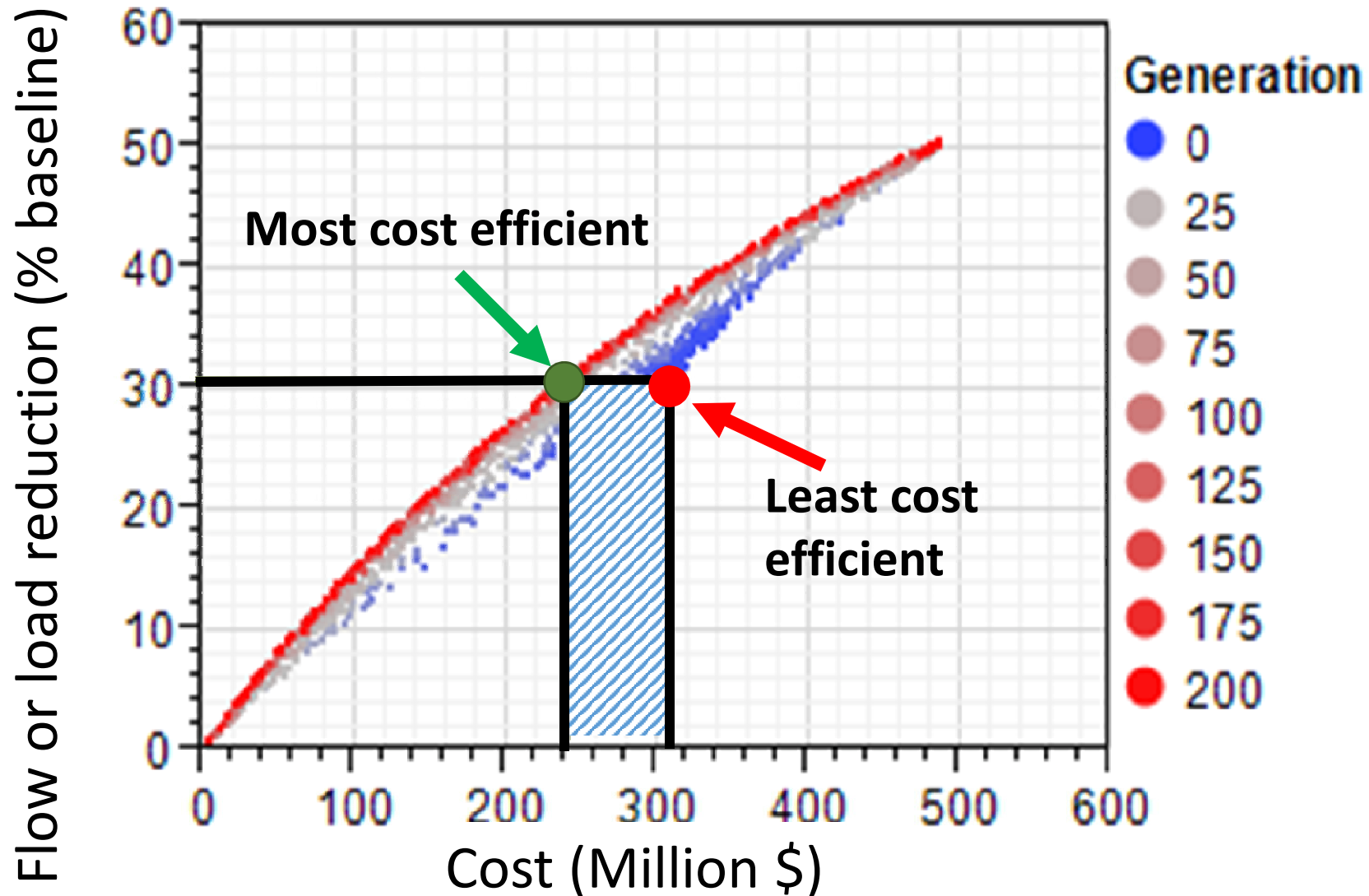
Model the Design Storm

2 year - 24 hour

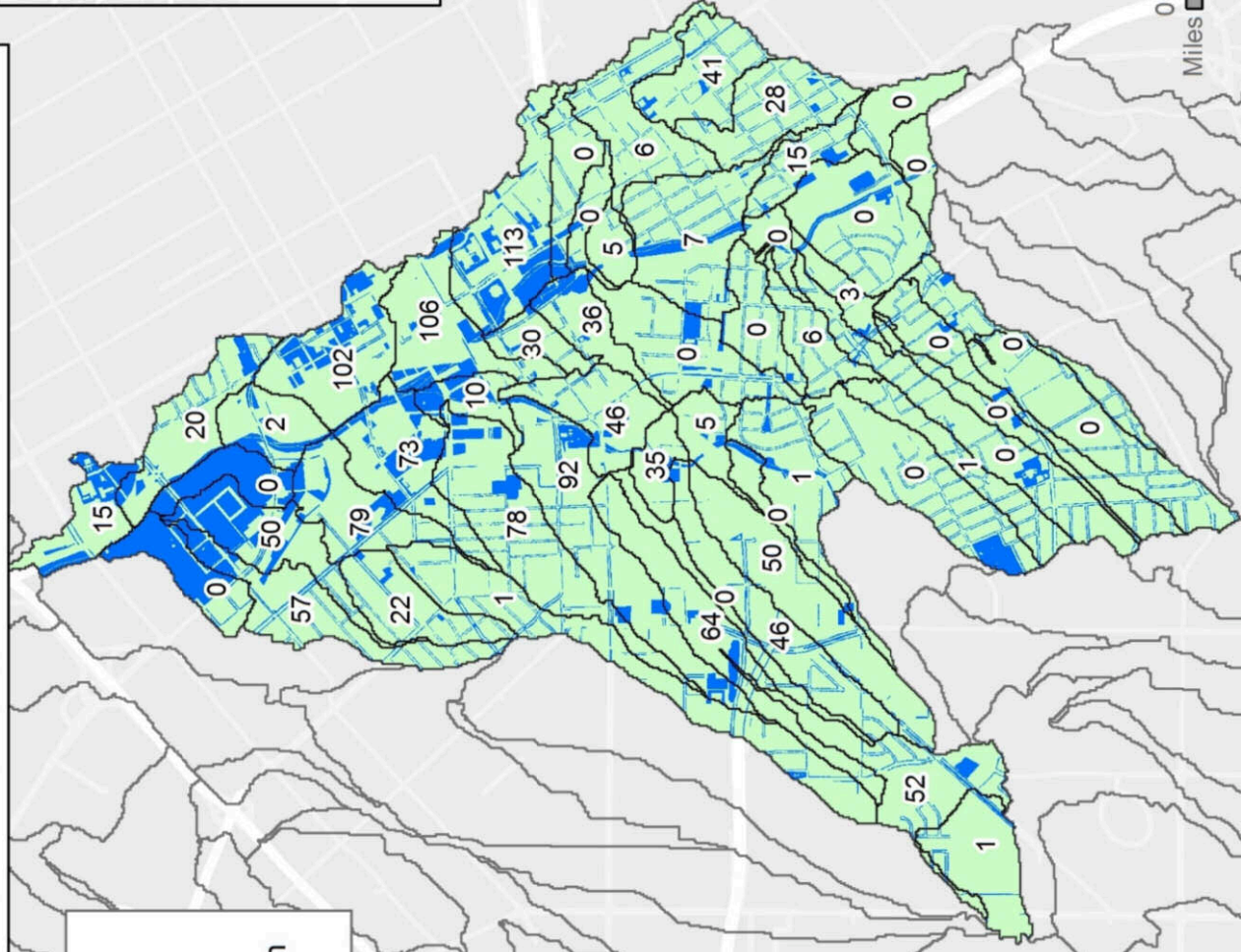
1.86 inch, 5-minute interval



What is the relative cost to implement Green Infrastructure?



San Jose 30% Runoff Reduction Optimal Bioretention Locations



Potential Bioretention Locations

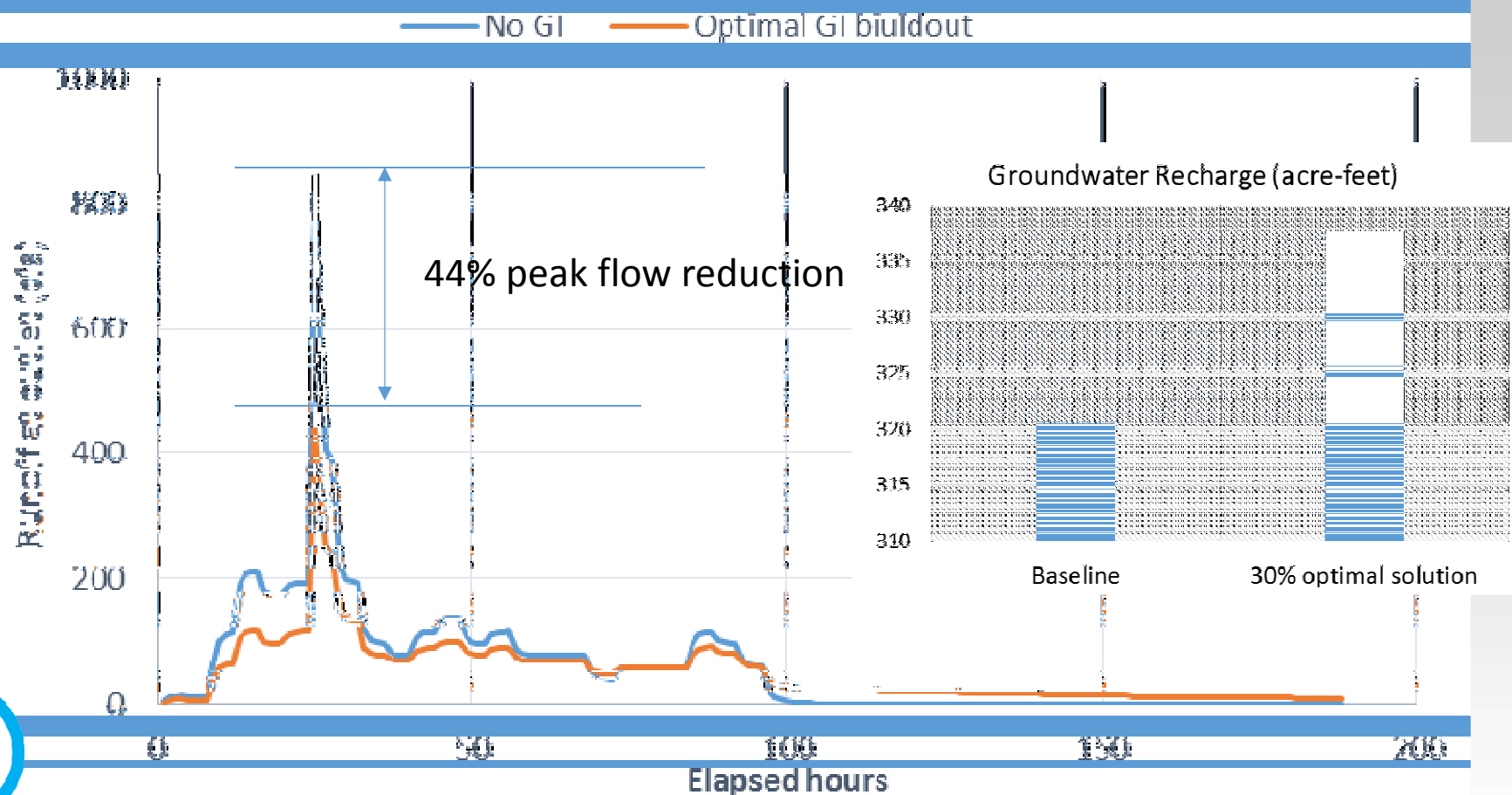
Optimization Focus Area

Number of Bioretention Identified

#

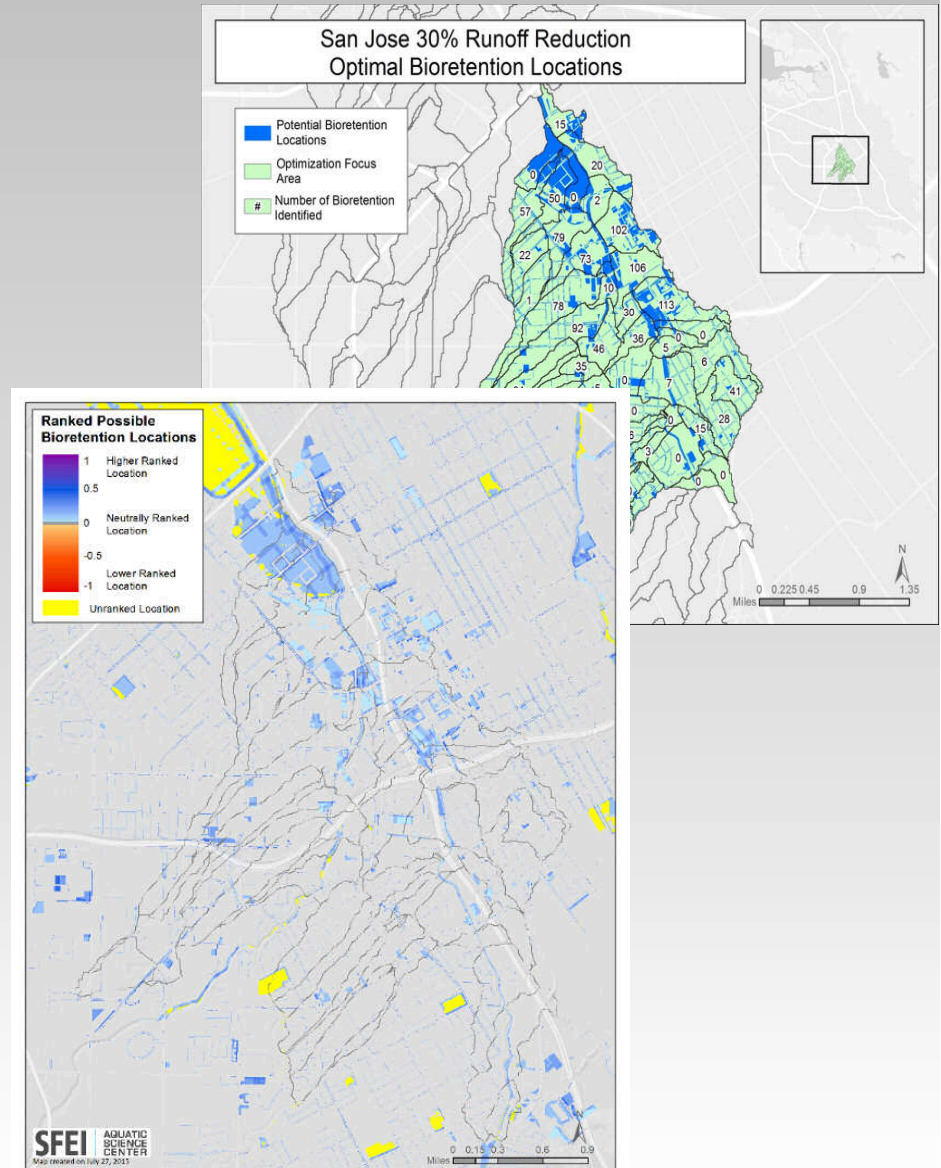
Programmatic Outcomes!

- 44% peak flow reduction
- 5.5 million gals of additional recharge



Step 5: Identify priority locations “Putting the pieces together”

- Overlay optimization and site ranking output
- Combine with other information
 - Private partnerships or funding opportunities
 - Community needs
 - Existing flooding or pollution sources
 - Infrastructure age and condition
 - Capital improvement plans

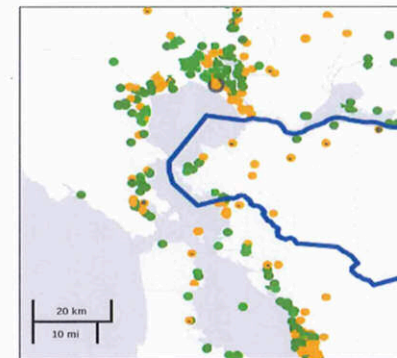


LID tracker: Planned and Prospective Work

- LID tracker GIS Database piloted with one partner city
- Creation of data entry forms
- Interactive map for placement and display of LID locations
- Basic LID effectiveness reports

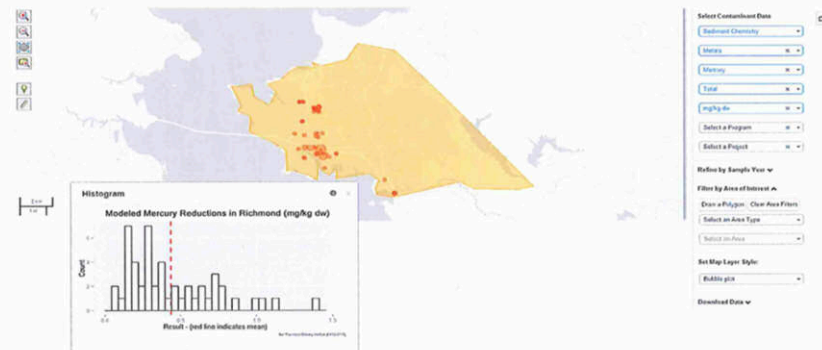


Low Impact Development Project Reporting



Summary Statistics

Project Status	Count	Acreage
Construction planned	8	1,368.52
Construction completed	9	478.94
Construction in-progress	2	29.4
Project Type	Count	Acreage
Non-mitigation	5	1,628.85
Compensatory mitigation	14	248.01
Totals	19	1,876.9




Toolkit Download & Documentation

<http://greenplanit.sfei.org/>

- ✓ Toolkit
- ✓ User manual
- ✓ Toolkit requirements
- ✓ Demonstration report



Questions?



Reasonable Assurance Analysis for Green Infrastructure Planning

Matthew Fabry, PE

San Mateo Countywide Water
Pollution Prevention Program

September 23, 2015

Issues to Consider

- Integration and timing with Stormwater Resource Plans
- Scale
 - GI plans at local level
 - Load reduction at regional/county level
 - What scale to identify and prioritize projects
 - Tension between local plans, long-term “greening,” and cost-effective load reduction
- Assumptions are critical
 - Results can have significant financial implications

Issues to Consider

- Public vs Private
 - How do we consistently estimate future new/redevelopment
 - Need to model private for load reduction, but doesn't seem like we need to ID sites
- Data
 - Just using available data or figuring out what is really useful and generating it
- How do the outputs really help municipal planning?

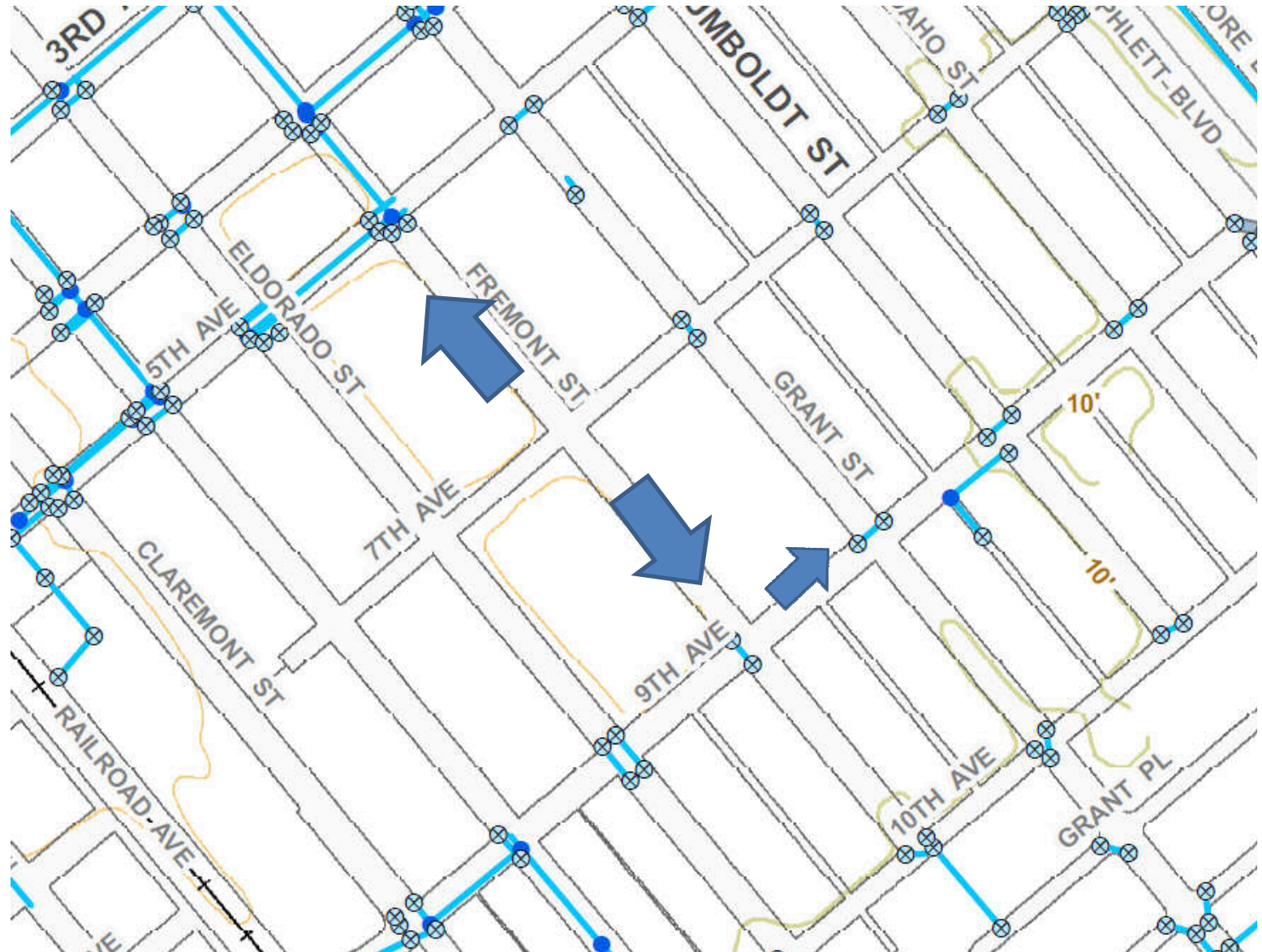
Green Streets

- Need agreement on treatment sizing
- Consider streets as units, intersection to intersection, split on centerline
- Catch basins as nodes, map tributary area within street units
- Identify required treatment per unit
- Optimize based on combinations of units
- Link to pavement maintenance programs
- Underdrain questions
- Tracking more meaningful if done by street segment

Example

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P
1																
2								Site Characteristics								
3	User Inputs		Units					Site Name	Curb Extension Unit Area Calcs			Area Treated by Curb Extension				
4								Treatment Area	0.142332 Acres			6200 Sq. Ft.				
5	QBMP	0.02 cfs						Composite C	0.75 unitless							
6	VBMP	310 ft^3						Rainfall intensity	0.2 Inches/hr							
7	AM	142.5 Ft^2	Initial AM		620 Ft^2			Unit Storage Vol	0.6 Inches							
8	k	5 In/Hr														
9	SF	1 Unitless						QBMP (Calculated)	0.02 cfs							
10	TI	4.03 Hr						VBMP (Calculated)	310 ft^3							
11	D	0.50 Ft														
12	TDelta	0.5 Hr														
13																
14																
15	Time	Time Increment	Inflow	Outflow	Storage Change	Cumulative Storage	Storage Depth	Overflow Volume								
16	Hr	Hr	Ft^3	Ft^3	Ft^3	Ft^3	Ft	Ft^3								
17												Area	142.5 Ft ^2			
18	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0								
19	0.50	0.50	38.4	29.7	8.7	8.7	0.06	0.0								
20	1.00	0.50	38.4	29.7	8.7	17.5	0.12	0.0								
21	1.50	0.50	38.4	29.7	8.7	26.2	0.18	0.0								
22	2.00	0.50	38.4	29.7	8.7	35.0	0.25	0.0								
23	2.50	0.50	38.4	29.7	8.7	43.7	0.31	0.0								
24	3.00	0.50	38.4	29.7	8.7	52.5	0.37	0.0								
25	3.50	0.50	38.4	29.7	8.7	61.2	0.43	0.0								
26	4.00	0.50	38.4	29.7	8.7	69.9	0.49	0.0								
27	4.03	0.03	2.6	2.0	0.6	70.5	0.49	0.0								
28	4.53	0.50	0.0	29.7	-29.7	40.8	0.29	0.0								
29	5.03	0.50	0.0	29.7	-29.7	11.1	0.08	0.0								
30	5.53	0.50	0.0	11.1	-11.1	0.0	0.00	0.0								
31	6.03	0.50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0								
32	6.53	0.50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0								
33	7.03	0.50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0								
34	7.53	0.50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0								
35	8.03	0.50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0								
36	8.53	0.50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0								
37	9.03	0.50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0								
38	9.53	0.50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0								
39	10.03	0.50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0								
40	10.53	0.50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0								
41	11.03	0.50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0								
42	11.53	0.50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0								
43	12.03	0.50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0								
44	12.53	0.50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0								
45	13.03	0.50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0								
46	13.53	0.50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0								
47	14.03	0.50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0								

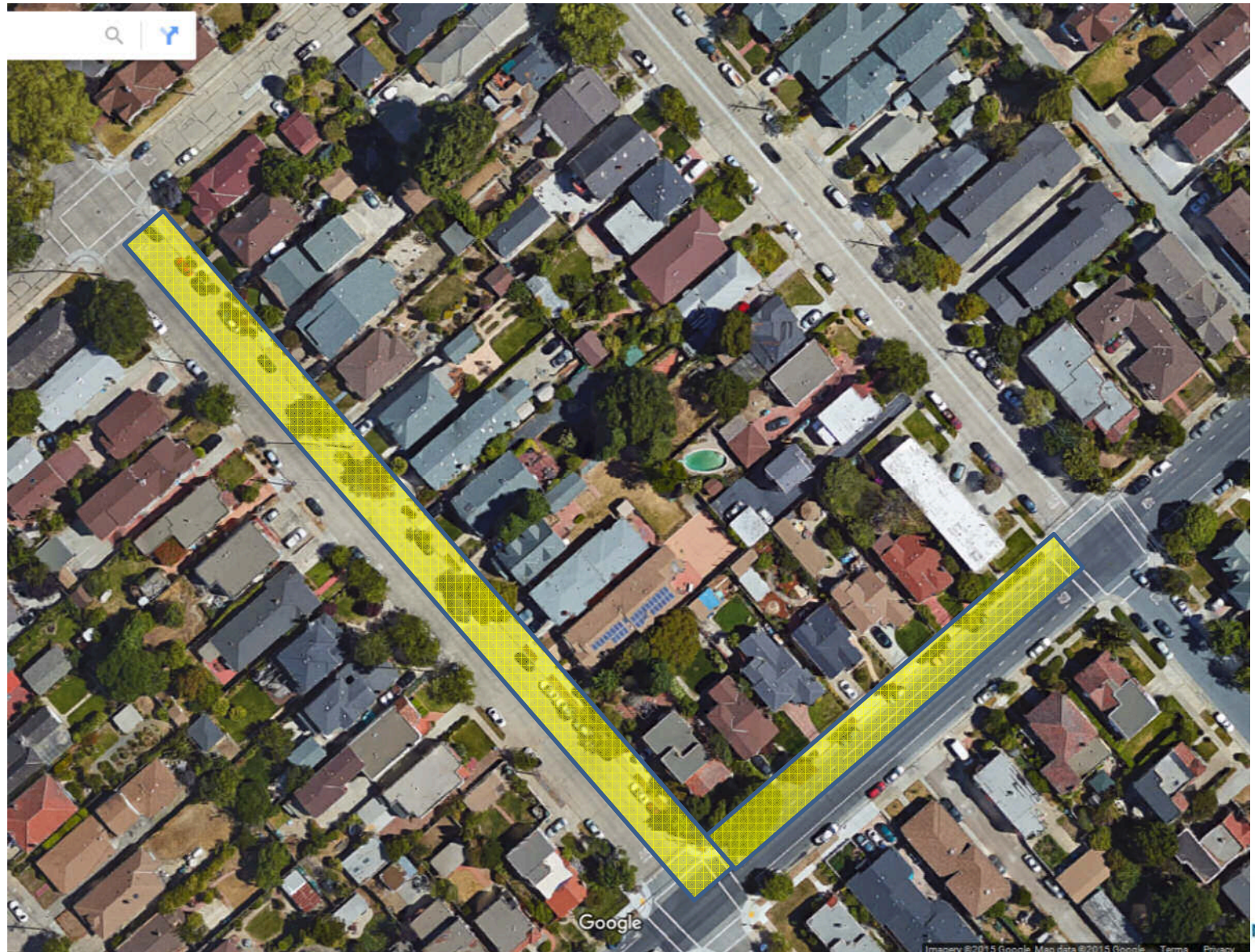
Example



Example

D	E	F	I	J	K	L	M	N
Street Name	Beg Location	End Location	Lar	Functional Class	Len	Wl	A	Curb Extensions Need
09TH AVE - 2340	AMPHLETT W/S	HUMBOLDT E/S	2	C - Collector	662	32	21184	3.0
09TH AVE - 2340	HUMBOLDT W/S	DELAWARE E/S	2	C - Collector	1372	38	52136	7.4
09TH AVE - 2340	RAILROAD AVE	EL CAMINO REAL S	2	A - Arterial	1468	42	61656	8.8
09TH AVE - 2340	DELAWARE ST S W/S	B ST S W/S	2	A - Arterial	849	50	42450	6.1
FREMONT ST S - 0786	10TH N/S	9TH S/S	2	R - Residential/Local	560	24	13440	1.9
FREMONT ST S - 0786	CYPRESS	2ND	2	R - Residential/Local	760	26	19760	2.8
FREMONT ST S - 0786	2ND AVE N/S	2ND AVE S/S	2	C - Collector	160	27	4320	0.6
FREMONT ST S - 0786	5TH AVE	4TH AVE	2	R - Residential/Local	276	40	11040	1.6
FREMONT ST S - 0786	4TH AVE	3RD AVE	2	R - Residential/Local	303	40	12120	1.7
FREMONT ST S - 0786	3RD N/S	2ND S/S	2	R - Residential/Local	350	44	15400	2.2
FREMONT ST S - 0786	9TH N/S	5TH S/S	2	R - Residential/Local	1216	46	55936	8.0
GRANT ST S - 0858	10TH S/S	9TH	2	C - Collector	640	24	15360	2.2
GRANT ST S - 0858	16TH AVE S/S	10TH AVE S/S	2	C - Collector	2360	25	59000	8.4
GRANT ST S - 0858	2ND N/S	CYPRESS S/S	2	R - Residential/Local	735	30	22050	3.2
GRANT ST S - 0858	CONCAR	16TH	4	C - Collector	2041	34	69394	9.9
GRANT ST S - 0858	5TH	4TH S/S	2	C - Collector	295	39	11505	1.6
GRANT ST S - 0858	4TH N/S	3RD S/S	2	R - Residential/Local	330	39	12870	1.8
GRANT ST S - 0858	9TH	5TH	2	C - Collector	700	46	32200	4.6
GRANT ST S - 0858	19TH AVE N/S	CONCAR N/S	4	C - Collector	1055	65	68575	9.8
HUMBOLDT ST S - 1051	10TH AVE	09TH AVE N/S	2	A - Arterial	600	34	20400	2.9
HUMBOLDT ST S - 1051	09TH AVE N/S	05TH AVE N/S	2	A - Arterial	1259	36	45324	6.5
HUMBOLDT ST S - 1051	05TH AVE E N/S	04TH AVE E S/S	2	A - Arterial	239	39	9321	1.3
HUMBOLDT ST S - 1051	02ND AVE N/S	CYPRESS S/S	2	A - Arterial	722	29	20548	4.1

Example



Example



Example



Things to Consider

